BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS,)	
Complainant,))	
vs.)	PCB 04-16
PACKAGING PERSONIFIED, INC., an Illinois corporation,) .) .)	(Enforcement)
Respondent.)	

NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on May 3, 2013, Complainant filed its Motion in Limine

to Admit Publication of Richard Trzupek, by electronic filing. A copy of the document so filed is attached hereto.

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS ex rel. LISA MADIGAN Attorney General of the State of Illinois

BY:

CHRISTOPHER GRANT Assistant Attorney General Environmental Bureau 69 W. Washington Street, #1800 Chicago, Illinois 60602 (312) 814-5388

BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS,)	
Complainant,)	
V.))	PCB 04-16
PACKAGING PERSONIFIED, INC., an)	(Enforcement - Air)
Illinois corporation,)	
Respondent.)	

MOTION IN LIMINE TO ADMIT PUBLICATION OF RICHARD TRZUPEK

NOW COMES Complainant, PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, by LISA MADIGAN, Attorney General of the State of Illinois, and moves the Hearing Officer to admit published material authored by Richard Trzupek as evidence, for the purpose of impeaching Mr. Truzupek's credibility as a testifying expert witnesses in this case. In support thereof, Complainant states as follows:

1. Richard Trzupek has been named as an opinion witness for Respondent Packaging Personified, Inc. ("Packaging"), and will provide an opinion on a matter central to this hearing: whether an 'informal stack test' performed on Press No. 5 in 2002 sufficiently demonstrated compliance with the volatile organic compound ("VOC") capture and control requirements contained in 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Part 218. This question is one of the three topics on which the Board has directed this second hearing.

2. Neither Respondent nor Mr. Trzupek notified Illinois EPA prior to the 2002 test, and therefore the Agency did not have the opportunity to verify Mr. Trzupek's test methods. In addition, following this 'informal stack test', Packaging modified Press No. 5 by connecting it to a Thermal Oxidizer. Only after this modification was Illinois EPA notified and allowed to

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witness a 'formal' stack test, which was not performed on Press No. 5, but rather on the oxidizer itself.

3. According to Packaging's general manager, Press No. 5 was shut down approximately 18 months ago, and is no longer operating. Therefore, no test can now be performed on an 'operating' press. Accordingly, all of Packaging's evidence regarding the VOC control capabilities of Press No. 5 must come from Mr. Trzupek.

4. Mr. Trzupek also testified at the 2009 hearing in this case. In 2011, Mr. Trzupek authored and published a book highly critical of Illinois EPA and the State's environmental regulatory scheme, titled <u>Regulators Gone Wild: How the EPA is Ruining American Industry¹</u>.

5. Mr. Trzupek dedicated an entire chapter of his book to the Packaging Personified enforcement case. In this chapter he identifies Respondent and its owners by name, describes Packaging's business, the violations alleged by the State, and the enforcement case now pending.

6. Mr. Trzupek's book contains a number of inflammatory statements and conclusions that demonstrate a clear bias against Illinois EPA, and environmental regulation in general. For example, Mr. Trzupek alleges that the motivation for Illinois EPA's calculated civil penalty *against Packaging* was tied directly to disgraced former Governor Rod Blagojevich². In addition, Mr. Trzupek downplays the importance of the VOC control regulations themselves, and asserts that the regulatory agencies are destroying businesses³. Mr. Trzupek's comments

¹ Encounter Books, copyright 2011. The book is available for purchase on Amazon.com.

² "Whatever discretion the Illinois EPA might have otherwise exercised was eliminated by the Illinois administration and its seemingly insatiable need for cash. Governor Rod Blagojevich was running up billions in debt....with the governor desperate for every dollar he could get, evenhanded negotiation was no longer an option." P. 44

³ (Again referring to the Packaging case) "This kind of regulatory intransigence and bureaucratic bungling is the pattern time and time again, in state after state across the nation. The effects on the business climate and the economy have not, to my knowledge, been calculated, but in my mind there is no doubt that this toxic environment poisons business decisions every day". P. 47

demonstrate a clear bias against the existing regulations, and against Illinois EPA's enforcement actions in *this case*.

7. In addition, Mr. Trzupek's comments demonstrate a clear bias in favor of Packaging and its owners. In his acknowledgement section, Mr. Trzupek thanks the owners of Packaging by name, and states that "My job has been to keep the EPA off of their backs so they could continue to do that important work, and it has been an honor to help them."⁴

8. Matters that may reasonably be expected to color the testimony of witness are proper subjects of inquiry of any witness⁵. This includes opinion or expert witness, who may be questioned on impeaching matter, including the sincerity of his or her opinion⁶. In fact, Courts have held that failure to allow cross examination related to prior statements for the purpose of bias constitutes reversible error. As one court stated, "…counsel must be given the widest possible latitude during cross-examination to demonstrate any interest, bias, or motive of the expert witness to testify"⁷.

9. Because Mr. Trzupek testified at the first hearing, Complainant will not now seek to exclude his testimony. But Complainant must be allowed to examine Mr. Trzupek's unique opinions through cross-examination on the statements contained in his book. Because the inquiry does not seek to assert the truth of the matter asserted but rather to demonstrate bias, there is no hearsay issue involved. Because his opinions go to the specific case before the Board, there can be no objection as to the relevance of this examination.

⁴ P.150

⁵ Michael H. Graham, Cleary & Graham's Handbook of Illinois Evidence, Section 607.7 (9th ed. 2009)

⁶ Id., Section 705.2

⁷ Sanchez v. Black Brothers Co., 98 Ill. App. 3d 264, 271 (1st Dist. 1981)

WHEREFORE, Complainant, PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, respectfully requests that the Hearing Officer grant its Motion *in Limine*, and allow use of the statements contained in the book <u>Regulators Gone Wild</u>: How the EPA is Ruining American Industry to impeach Mr. Trzupek, and as evidence of bias in this matter.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS by LISA MADIGAN, Attorney General of the State of Illinois

MATTHEW J. DUNN, Chief Environmental Enforcement/Asbestos Litigation Division

BY:

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CHRISTOPHER GRANT Environmental Bureau Assistant Attorney General 69 W. Washington Street, #1800 Chicago, Illinois 60602 (312) 814-5388

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, CHRISTOPHER GRANT, an attorney, do certify that I caused to be served this 3d day of May, 2013, the foregoing Motion in Limine to Admit Publication of Richard Trzupek, and Notice of Filing, upon the persons listed below, by electronic transmission and by placing same in an envelope bearing sufficient postage with the United States Postal Service located at 100 W. Randolph, Chicago Illinois.

HRISTOPHER GRANT

Service List: Mr. Roy Harsch Mr. John Simon Drinker Biddle Reath 191 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 3700 Chicago, IL 60606

Mr. Bradley P. Halloran Hearing Officer Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph, 11th Floor Chicago, Il 60601

Mr. John Therriault Clerk, Illinois Pollution Control Board (by electronic filing)